

## 6.2. Fall of Bolshevik Regime, August 1919

The Hungarian Bolshevik leaders fled when the Romanian army crossed the R. Tisza on 1<sup>st</sup> August 1919. Contingents of the army entered Budapest some days later but soon withdrew. The rouge worn by the Romanian officers elicited much derision. A Hungarian army from the Szeged region led by Admiral Horthy entered Budapest and took control on 16<sup>th</sup> November 1919. Stamps were issued to celebrate the country's liberation.



CTO lettercard bearing overprinted stamps inscribed 'Entry of the National Army, 16. Nov. 1919', total franking 75f, tied by Budapest cancel, 19 Nov. 1919,



Parcel label from Budapest to Szilas Balhás, cancelled 20<sup>th</sup> Nov. 1920, franked with stamps total 16k, 'Ears of Corn' obliterating overprint on Bolshevik 5k stamp. Label marked 'Fragile' and 'Cash on Delivery' which may explain the sizeable charges.